

G.1. policies and guidelines on salaries, benefits and privileges

7. FACULTY BENEFITS, COMPENSATION, PRIVILEGES, AWARDS, AND RIGHTS

7.1. Privileges

7.1.1. Leave Privileges

The provisions and policies promulgated herein are specified in Civil Service Commission, Rule XVI of the Omnibus Rules on Leave, Implementing Book V of EO 292 and pursuant to CSC MC No. 5, s. 2021 which cover the provisions of the civil service rules on maternity leave, paternity and adoption leave.

7.1.1.1. Teacher's Leave

Faculty members, without designation, shall not be entitled to the usual vacation and sick leave credits but to proportional vacation pay (PVP) of 70 days of summer vacation plus 14 days of Christmas vacation. A teacher who has rendered continuous service in a school year without incurring absences without pay of not more than 1 ½ days is entitled to 84 days of proportional vacation pay.

Faculty members on teacher's leave basis who have summer load are entitled to honoraria based on BOR Resolution No. 40, s 2009.

7.1.1.2. Cumulative Leave

Granted to faculty members who are regularly performing administrative function whether permanent or temporary. After at least six months of continuous, faithful and satisfactory service the faculty shall be entitled to 15 days vacation leave and 15 days sick leave of absence with full pay, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays and holidays of each year of service. Cumulative leaves not taken within the calendar year in which it was earned may be carried over to the succeeding year. The University President may, in his/her discretion, authorize the computation of the salary that would be received during the period of the vacation and sick leaves of any faculty member. Any faculty member who shall voluntary resign or be separated from the service through no fault of his own shall be entitled to a commutation of all accumulated leaves to his credit.

7.1.1.3. Vacation Service Credits

Teacher's vacation service credits refer to the leave credits earned for services rendered on activities, during mid-year term vacation or Christmas vacation, as authorized by proper authority. These vacation service credits are used to offset absences of a teacher due to illness or to offset proportional deduction in vacation salary due to absences for personal reasons.

7.1.1.4. Maternity Leave

7.1.1.4.1. Grant of Maternity Leave

The guidelines on the grant and availment of Maternity Leave are prescribed based on the Civil Service Commission (CSC) Memorandum Circular No. 5, s. 2021 dated April 28, 2021, Amendment to Omnibus Rules on Leave (CSC MC No. 41, s. 1998, as amended).

All qualified female employee, regardless of her civil status, employment status, length of service and legitimacy of the child, in addition to her vacation and sick leave credits

All qualified female employee, regardless of her civil status, employment status, length of service and legitimacy of the child, in addition to her vacation and sick leave credits earned, shall be granted the applicable maternity leave, as follows:

- a. One hundred five (105) days maternity leave with full pay for live childbirth regardless of the mode of delivery, whether normal or caesarian.
- b. Sixty (60) days with full pay for cases of miscarriage or emergency termination of pregnancy.

The expectant mother should submit their application for maternity leave through channels at least thirty (30) days in advance, and whenever possible, specify the coverage of the leave. Give prior notice of her pregnancy to the authorized officer of her agency of her pregnancy and her availment of maternity leave at least thirty (30) days in advance, whenever possible, specifying the effectivity of the leave.

7.1.1.4.2. Extended Maternity Leave

The female faculty who availed of the 105 days maternity leave may file an extension up to a maximum of

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The female faculty who availed of the 105 days maternity leave may file an extension up to a maximum of

thirty (30) days either without pay, or with pay charged against her earned sick/vacation leave credits.

To avail of this, the female faculty must submit a written notice to HRMDO Director at least 45 days before the end of her maternity leave period, except in case of medical emergencies. The extension of maternity leave without pay shall not be considered as gap in the service of the concerned faculty.

7.1.1.4.3. Frequency of the Grant of Maternity Leave

The female faculty shall be granted maternity leave in every instance of pregnancy, regardless of frequency.

In case of overlapping benefit claims, she shall be granted maternity benefits for the two contingencies in consecutive manner. She shall also be paid only one maternity leave benefit, regardless of the number of offspring, per childbirth of delivery.

7.1.1.4.4. Tenure of Female Faculty Availing the Expanded Maternity Leave

The availment of maternity leave shall not be used as basis for diminution or reduction in rank, status or salary of the faculty nor for termination of her employment.

7.1.1.4.5. Maternity Leave After Termination of Employment

Maternity leave with full pay shall be granted even if the childbirth, miscarriage or emergency termination of pregnancy occurs not more than (15) calendar days after the termination of faculty's service as her right thereto has already accrued.

However, in case of illegal termination of employment, the prescriptive period of fifteen (15) calendar days shall not apply and the faculty shall be paid, based on salary, the full amount of the maternity leave depending on her case.

7.1.1.4.6. Maternity Leave of Employee with Pending Administrative Case

Maternity leave benefits shall be enjoyed by the female faculty even if she has a pending administrative case.

The female faculty who delivers a child while under preventive suspension or serving the penalty of suspension, shall be allowed to enjoy her maternity leave in accordance with 7.1.1.4.1. until the full enjoyment of the said leave. However, she shall be required to serve the unexpired portion of her suspension.

The female faculty who is found guilty of an administrative case and whose penalty of dismissal from the service became final and executory shall not be entitled to a maternity leave.

7.1.1.4.7. Allocation of Maternity Leave Credits

For live childbirth, the female faculty may opt to allocate up to seven (7) days of her maternity leave to the following individuals, provided, that they are employed either in private or public office:

- a. The child's father, whether or not the female faculty is married to him, may be entitled to the allocation over and above the seven (7)-day paternity leave benefit under R.A. 8187 or the Paternity Leave Act of 1996; or
 - b. The female employee's alternate caregiver or current partner in case of death, absence or incapacity of the child's father.
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7.1.1.5. Paternity Leave

Every married male faculty shall be entitled to paternity leave of seven (7) working days with full pay for the first four (4) deliveries, whether live childbirth or miscarriage, of his legitimate spouse with whom he is cohabiting.

The male faculty with more than one (1) legal spouse shall be entitled to avail of paternity leave for an absolute maximum of four (4) deliveries, regardless of whoever among his spouses deliver.

Paternity leave of seven (7) days shall be non-cumulative and strictly non-convertible to cash. The same may be enjoyed in a continuous or in an intermittent manner by the faculty on the days immediately before, during and after the delivery of his legitimate spouse, but not later than the period of the maternity leave availed of by the spouse.

Approval of the leave application shall be mandatory on the part of the head of institution unless the services of the male faculty are urgently needed to preserve life and property in which case the male faculty shall be entitled to overtime pay.

The male faculty shall accomplish and file the Application for Leave Form within one (1) week, prior to the expected delivery, except in cases of miscarriage and abnormal deliveries. Certified true copies of the following documents are required and to be submitted to the head of institution for approval.

- a. Marriage contract
- b. Birth certificate of the newborn child
- c. Medical certificate with pathology report in case of miscarriage duly signed by the attending physician or midwife showing the actual date of delivery.

7.1.1.6. Adoption Leave

The following faculty, who are qualified as adoptive parents pursuant to R.A. 8552 or the "Domestic Adoption Act of 1998" and whose prospective adoptees are below seven (7) years of age as of adoptive placement, shall be qualified to avail of adoption leave, as follows:

- a. Qualified female faculty regardless of civil status, and length of service shall be entitled to sixty (60) days adoption leave with full pay. If the female faculty is married, her legitimate spouse, who is likewise in



the government service, can avail of adoption leave of seven (7) days with full pay.

- b. Single male faculty, regardless of employment status and length of service, and married male faculty, whose wife is unemployed, shall be entitled to adoption leave of sixty (60) days with full pay.

Adoption leave shall be availed of in a continuous and uninterrupted manner.

Application for adoption leave shall be filed using Civil Service (CS) Form No. 6, Revised 2020 and accompanied by an authenticated copy of the following documents, as follows:

7.1.1.7. Mandatory/Forced Leave (EO 1077)

Mandatory Leave requires all officials and employees, with 10 days or more vacation leave credits whether continuous or intermittent, in the government to a mandatory leave of absence of 5 working days annually which need not be excessive. If not availed, it is automatically forfeited, if not taken during the year, except if the scheduled leave has been cancelled in the exigency of the service, in which case the leave will not be deducted from the total accumulated leave.

An official/ or employee who is continuously absent without approved leave for at least thirty (30) working days shall be considered on absence without official leave (AWOL) and shall be separated from the service or dropped from the rolls without prior notice. However, when it is clear under the obtaining circumstances that the official or employee concerned, has established a scheme to circumvent the rule by incurring substantial absence though less than thirty (30) working days 3x in a semester, such that a pattern is already apparent dropping from the rolls without notice may likewise be justified (MC No 13 s 2007 and CSC Res No 070631 (Amendment to Section 63, Rule XVI of the Omnibus Rules on Leave)

If the number of unauthorized absences incurred is less than thirty (30) working days, a written Return-to-Work Order shall be served to him at his last known address on record. Failure on his part to report for work



within the period stated in the Order shall be a valid ground to drop him from the rolls. (3) Leave without pay not exceeding one year may be granted in addition to vacation and sick leave. Any leave beyond 30 days require clearance from proper authorities (MC No 13 s 2007 and CSC Res No 070631 (Amendment to Section 63, Rule XVI of the Omnibus Rules on Leave)

7.1.1.8. Special Leave Privileges (Rule XVI, Omnibus Rules on Leave, Section 21)

In addition to the vacation, sick, maternity and paternity leave, officials and employees with or without existing or approved Collective Negotiation Agreement (CNA), except teachers and those covered by special leave laws, are granted the following special leave privileges subject to the conditions hereunder stated:

"a) funeral/mourning leave	"(f) hospitalization leave
"(b) graduation leave	"(g) accident leave
"(c) enrollment leave	"(h) relocation leave
"(d) wedding/anniversary leave	"(i) government transaction leave
"(e) birthday leave	"(j) calamity leave

- That the official/employee may be granted a maximum of three (3) days within a calendar year of any or combination of special leave privileges of his choice which he would opt to avail;
- That such privileges shall be non-cumulative and non-commutative;
- That the official/employee shall submit the application for the said special leave privileges for at least one (1) week prior to its availment except on emergency cases; and
- Special leave privilege may be availed of by the official/employee when the occasion is personal to him and that of his immediate family.

7.1.1.10. Relocation Leave

Relocation leave refers to a special leave privilege granted to a teacher whenever he/she transfers residence (CSC MC. 41, s.1998).

7.1.1.11. Terminal Leave

Terminal leave refers to money value of the total accumulated leave credits of a teacher, based on the highest salary rate received prior to or upon the retirement date/voluntary separation (CSC MC. 41, s.1998).

7.1.1.12. Leave Without Pay

Leave without pay not exceeding one (1) year may be granted to a regular employee in addition to the vacation and/or sick leave earned (USM Code, Article 101, Section 10. Leave without pay in excess of one (1) month shall require the clearance of the proper head of the department.

Leave without pay should not be granted whenever an employee has leave with pay to his/her credit except in case of secondment.

Where officers and employees have pending formal administrative charges against them, no vacation leave with pay shall be granted to the respondent during the pendency of the case.

Officers and employees who are absent for at least thirty (30) days without approved leave are considered on Absence Without Leave (AWOL) and shall be dropped from the service after due notice (Section 63, Rule XVI of the Omnibus Rule on Leave - CSC MC Nos. 41 and 14, s. 1998. and 1999, respectively). However, when in the exigency of the service requires his/her immediate presence and he/she fails or refuses to return to the service, the head of office may drop him/her from the service even prior to the expiration of the thirty day period above stated.

7.1.2. Study Privileges

7.1.2.1. Sabbatical Leave or Assignment

Subject to the approval of the Board of Regents, a sabbatical leave maybe granted to any regular member of the faculty to write a book, conduct study or research work, pursue a new idea or invention or perform any other activity with national or international importance, provided he/she meets the following conditions (USM Code, Article 97):

a. He/she must have continuously served the University as regular faculty for not less than seven (7) consecutive years immediately preceding his



application for sabbatical leave and has a performance of at least Very Satisfactory;

b. He/she must be a holder of a rank not lower than Associate Professor¹;

c. He/she must possess the capacity to fulfill the purpose of the assignment expressed in his/her application;

d. He/she must submit a Plan of Work to the USM Scholarship Committee and must pass the same to the Committee; and

e. He/she must not be more than 60 years old

A sabbatical leave shall be for a period of one (1) year. Failure to come up with an output shall be a ground for the grantee to repay the University of the salaries and other emoluments he/she has received during the Sabbatical leave period.

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7.1.2.2. Study Leave

Faculty members may enjoy a study leave subject to Human Resource Development guidelines/policies.

7.1.2.3. Scholarship Grant (BOR Resolution No.34, s 2024)

7.1.2.3.1. General Policy

The scholarship policy is a set of rules for the management of professional development among personnel. This covers degree programs funded locally by the University only. Scholarship grants from national and international organizations shall govern by MOA between the grantees and USM and MOA from funding agencies. Seminars, symposia, conferences, and workshops are not within the coverage of these guidelines.

The members of FTDC shall administer the scholarship matters in the University. Its actions shall be recommendatory in nature.

The scholarship policy shall be the basis for personnel in the University to get involved in the capability-building and/or enhancement program.

The scholarship policy shall be observed at all levels of management to ensure smooth administration of the scholarship matters.

7.1.2.3.2. Scholarship Policy

1. This USM scholarship Grant/ USM Financial Grant is open for all regular employees of the University of Southern Mindanao both Teaching and Non-teaching personnel;
2. Must have been employed with University of Southern Mindanao (USM) on a permanent status for at least 2 years;
3. Shall seek admission from Delivering Higher Education Institutions (DHEI) with at least Level 3 institutional accreditation or its equivalent. The applicant may also seek admission from Delivering Higher Education Institutions (DHEI) with a lower accreditation level provided that the program applied for is either Center of Excellence (COE) or Center of Development (COD);
4. Upon admission from Delivering Higher Education Institutions (DHEI), the applicant must submit a formal letter of intent to the University President for a permit to study, among others, and to be reviewed by the Faculty Training and Development Committee (FTDC) for recommendation and deliberation by Administrative council for Board of Regents' (BOR) approval;
5. Only Board of Regents' (BOR) approved applicants shall be granted a USM Scholarship Grant/USM Financial Grant;
6. Permit to study maybe issued even if the applicant has already

7. Must submit the USM Scholarship Grant/USM Financial Grant to the Human Resource Management and Development Office (HRMDO), along with other pertinent documents as maybe required by the latter;
8. Must finish the required number of years for the program applied for;
9. Failure to complete the program would require the applicant to pay the full amount of the grant with 12% interest per annum. Although the applicant may apply for an extension appeal of at least one semester but not more than 2 consecutive or cumulative semesters;
10. Failure to complete the program after availing the maximum period of extension appeal shall result into payment of the grant as stipulated in the immediate previous item (provision No.9). The intent of the grantee



to continue and finish his/her studies after having availed of the maximum period of extension shall be shouldered on the personal basis of the grantee;

11. Failure to complete the program due to severe illness/serious accident and resulting to non-continuity of attending the school shall not be counted as part of the years of program requirement;

12. Must enroll in a program that is academically articulated/aligned to the immediate preceding graduated/completed program.

24. Benefits afforded to the grantee are outlined as follows:

- a. Twenty Five Thousand Pesos (Php 25000.00) stipend per semester for both masteral and doctoral programs, lump sum payment is released upon presentation of the proof of enrolment;
- b. Thirty Thousand Pesos (30000.00) Dissertation Support for Masteral program;
- c. Fifty Thousand Pesos (50000.00) for Doctoral program;
- d. Fifty percent of the dissertation support is released only upon presentation of proof of successful outline defense (start), and the remaining fifty percent shall be released only after presentation of the proof of successful final manuscript defense or hardbound/project (completion). These conditions apply for both masteral and doctoral programs. Programs that require projects, in lieu of thesis or dissertation may still avail the same support provided that sufficient proof required in the start and completion of such course or program is presented thereof.
- e. One time or lump sum processing of thesis/ dissertation support is strictly prohibited, for purposes of academic completion monitoring. Failure to present and avail of the approved outline financial support, and subsequently proceeded to the presentation of the hardbound would lead to only avail 50% of the thesis/dissertation support or project.

25. Upon completion of the degree program, the Grantee shall submit his/her bound manuscript, TOR, Diploma, Re-entry Action Plan to the

7.1.3 Other Privileges

7.1.3.1 Study Privileges for Eligible Dependent

Eligible dependents (children and spouses) of faculty members shall be granted the privilege of priority allocation in a maximum of 10% of available slots per academic program after prospective enrollees qualifying under Republic Act 7277 and Republic Act 8371 have been given priority. This allocation is contingent upon eligible dependents meeting the minimum cut-off score required in the academic program. In the event that the number of qualified dependents exceeds available slots, ranking will be conducted according to the existing admission policies of the respective programs (USM Code, Article 21, Section 103 as amended through BOR Resolution No. 54, s 2023).

7.1.3.2 Housing and Land Use Privileges

The University shall, as far as practicable, provide and maintain adequate and convenient housing facilities for its teaching and non-teaching personnel at very low and affordable rental charges, exclusive of light and water charges. The administration shall implement this provision by tapping both public and private sources of funding (USM Code, Article 104, Section 1).

The University shall formulate and implement policies, rules and regulations on housing and land use privileges for its personnel. In granting the privilege, priority shall be afforded to permanent employees of the University (USM Code, Article 104, Section 3).

The University Housing Committee shall be constituted by the University, to be headed by a Chairman, who shall also act the Housing Administrator, to enforce policies, rules and regulations promulgated by the University for the administration of all housing facilities of the University (USM Code, Article 104, Section 4).

7.1.3.3 Legal Services

Subject to applicable laws and regulations, the University shall provide free legal and other related services to its official or employees who is charged in an administrative, civil and/or criminal proceedings by parties other than the University

7.1.3.4 Retirement Privileges

In addition to the benefits granted under existing laws, retired members of the teaching shall be afforded the privilege to participate in major university programs and activities. Qualified retirees may be appointed to consultancy and affiliate faculty positions, subject to existing policies and regulations (USM Code, Article 106, Section 1).

Subject to the provisions of applicable laws and regulations and the approval of the Board of Regents, a retired faculty member with the rank of full professor may be appointed Professor Emeritus, provided that the following requirements are met:

- a. He/she must have rendered at least 20 consecutive years of active and faithful service to the University
- b. He/she must have achieved marked distinction as a productive scholar, scientist, artist or educator or is widely acknowledged as an effective and dedicated teacher; and
- c. He/she must be a holder of doctoral degree and preference shall be made in favor of those who have served the University as, at least, Dean or Director (USM Code, Article 106, Section 2).

A special committee shall be constituted by the President of the University from among the senior faculty members of the discipline where the retired professor belongs and shall be responsible in evaluating the credentials of the nominee for emeritus appointment. The Committee shall submit its recommendation to the President for endorsement to, and approval by the Board of Regents.

7.2. Benefits

7.2.1. Government Service Insurance System (GSIS) Benefits

The Government Service Insurance System Act of 1977 (RA 8292) provides compulsory membership to all government employees receiving monthly compensation and who have not reached the compulsory retirement age, irrespective of employment status.

Among the benefits derived from membership in the system are.



- a. Separation benefits
- b. Unemployment or involuntary separation benefits
- c. Retirement benefits
- d. Disability benefits
- e. Survivorship benefits
- f. Funeral benefits
- g. Life Insurance benefits
- h. Availment of Loans

7.2.2. Home Development Mutual Fund (Pag-IBIG)

The fund was set up mainly for housing purposes. By virtue of RA 7742, effective January 1, 1995, membership is mandatory for employees with a minimum of Php 4,000.00 monthly income. However, those below Php 4,000.00 are voluntary. The monthly premium contribution of members ranges from monthly minimum Salary Base (SB) of Php 4,000.00 to maximum Salary Base of Php 20,000.00, the monthly Personnel Share (PS) is equal to $SB \times 1.25\%$. The Employer Share (ES) is equivalent to Personal Share. The government pays the employer share to the fund.

Besides granting the employee a housing loan, appliance and multi-purpose loan, other benefits includes:

1. Total Accumulated Value (TAV). This will be granted to employee upon termination of his/her membership (retirement, resignation or maturity). TAV includes government's and employee's contributions;
2. Death Dividends. This is granted to employee's beneficiaries upon death, in addition to his/her total accumulated savings plus earned dividends and fixed dividends. This will be given to employees without outstanding loan.

7.2.3. Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth)

All government employees are automatically covered by PhilHealth. Their dependents are covered under the plan of hospitalization, surgical and medical. The plan includes government employees whose term of office is not less than 60 days.

Medical benefits are not cumulative. They are forfeited if not utilized within a calendar year.

The State Insurance Fund (SIF) policy of the state is to promote and develop a tax-exempt employee's compensation program whereby employees and their dependent, may promptly secure adequate income benefits, medical and related benefits. The employer contributes 1% of the employee's monthly salary but not to exceed Php 30.00 for SIF
